

ENDOMETRIOSIS ACTION PLAN

Endometriosis symptoms vary from one woman to another. There are a number of options that may help you manage your disease and its symptoms. It's important to follow your action plan as closely as possible for the best results.

PATIENT	NAME:
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DATE OF BIRTH: ____/

Recommended action plan				
TODAY'S DATE	/			
GOALS	Short-term	Long-term		
CURRENT RECOMMENDED MANAGEMENT				

If goals are not met with current management:

FUTURE MANAGEMENT OPTIONS	1 2 3
FOLLOW-UP VISIT DATE	
NOTES	

Management options for endometriosis:	Management	options	for end	lometriosis:
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Surgery:
Other:

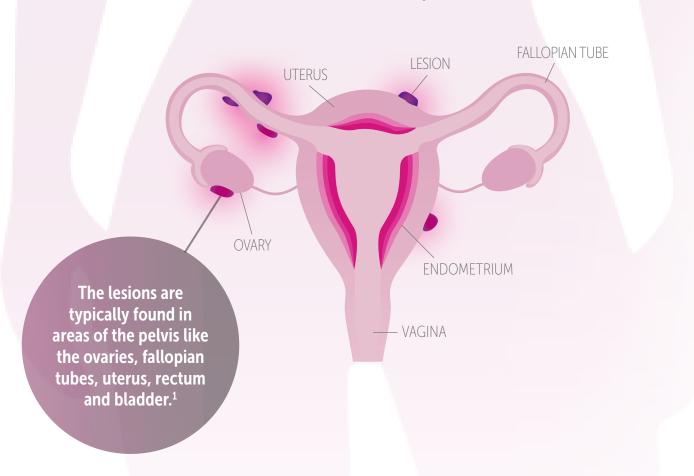
Contact your doctor's office if:

- You have new or worsening pain
- You have new or worsening symptoms

This action plan is intended for informational purposes only and should not be used as a substitute for advice provided by your doctor or other healthcare professionals. You should not use the action plan for diagnosing a health problem or disease. You should always consult your doctor or other healthcare professionals.

HOW ENDOMETRIOSIS WORKS

Endometriosis occurs when endometrial tissue grows in places outside of the uterus, forming lesions.^{1,2}



When **estrogen** tells the endometrium to thicken, it also signals the lesions to grow, which can cause **inflammation and pain**. Depending on the location of the lesions, different types of pain and symptoms may develop.¹⁻⁴

Your body is producing varying levels of estrogen at any given time, that's why there may be pain regardless of your period.²

There are several ways to control estrogen levels:5

a. Reduce the amount of estrogen the ovaries produceb. Reduce the signal the pituitary gland sends to the ovariesc. Surgical procedure to remove the ovaries

References:

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